

# **Template for contribution to Computo**

## Example dedicated to Python users

Jane Doe <sup>1</sup> Statistics, Name of Affiliation one John Doe <sup>1</sup> Computer Science, Name of Afficiliation two

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#### **Abstract**

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Keywords: key1, key2, key3

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Corresponding author: janedoe@nowhere.moon

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### 7 1 Introduction

#### 28 1.1 About this document

- 29 This document, accompanied by the customized GitHub repository, provides a template for writing
- contributions to Computo (Computo Team 2020). We show how Python code can be included and
- how the repository can be set up for triggering GitHub actions for rendering the document, with
- dependencies handled by venv and pip.

### 33 1.2 Setup a GitHub repository for preparing your submission

- You can start by clicking on the "use this template" button, on the top of the page of the github
- repository associated with this document. Of course, you can set your repository private during the
- 36 preparation of your manuscript.

### 37 1.3 Quarto

- <sup>38</sup> Quarto is a versatile formatting system for authoring documents integrating markdown, LaTeX and
- code blocks interpreted either via Jupyter or Knitr (thus supporting Python, R and Julia). It relies on
- the Pandoc document converter.

### 1.4 Requirements

- You need quarto installed on your system and the Computo extension to prepare your document. For
- the latter, once quarto is installed, run the following to install the extension in the current directory
- (it creates an \_extension directory which is ignored by git thanks to .gitignore by default):

quarto add computorg/computo-quarto-extension

Python and Jupyter must be installed on your computer.

### 46 1.5 Link with your usual tools

- 47 Quarto is expecting a .qmd markdown file, but will also works with a standard Jupyter notebook file
- if you are used to it (it will just require to add the proper YAML metadata<sup>2</sup>).
- Note: More advanced Jupyter-related functionality like Myst/Jupyter book are not supported in this
- <sup>50</sup> Quarto setup. The markdown syntax inside the Jupyter notebook should follow the Quarto syntax (c.f.
- below). If you are more comfortable with using Myst/Jupyter book, we provide a specific template but it
- will requires more formatting work for Computo editorial team, thus highly encourage authors to use
- 53 the Quarto templates.

### 54 2 Formatting

- This section covers basic formatting guidelines for quarto documents.
- 56 To render a document, run quarto render. By default, both PDF and HTML documents are generated:

quarto render template-computo-python.qmd # renders both HTML and PDF

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>the same metadata as in the template-computo-python.qmd file in the first cell, type "Raw", of the notebook

### Note

To check the syntax of the formatting below, you can use the </> source button at the top right of this document.

0.1

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### 2.1 Basic markdown formatting

- 59 **Bold text** or *italic* 
  - This is a list
- With more elements
  - It isn't numbered.
- But we can also do a numbered list
- 1. This is my first item
  - 2. This is my second item
- 3. This is my third item

#### 67 2.2 Mathematics

### 68 2.2.1 Mathematical formulae

69 LaTeX code is natively supported<sup>3</sup>, which makes it possible to use mathematical formulae:

$$f(x_1, ..., x_n; \mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2\right)$$

70 It is also posible to cross-reference an equation, see Equation 1:

$$D_{x_N} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} x_L^\top & x_N^\top \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_L & B \\ B^\top & L_N \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_L \\ x_N \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (x_L^\top L_L x_L + 2x_N^\top B^\top x_L + x_N^\top L_N x_N),$$
(1)

### 2.2.2 Theorems and other amsthem-like environments

Quarto includes a nice support for theorems, with predefined prefix labels for theorems, lemmas,

proposition, etc. see this page. Here is a simple example:

Theorem 2.1 (Strong law of large numbers). The sample average converges almost surely to the

75 expected value:

$$\overline{X}_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mu \quad when n \to \infty.$$

<sup>76</sup> See Theorem 2.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>We use lualatex for this purpose.

### 77 2.3 Python Code

- Quarto uses either Jupyter or knitr to render code chunks. This can be triggered in the yaml header.
- In this tutorial, we use Jupyter (Python and Jupyter must be installed on your computer).

title: "My Document"
author "Jane Doe"
jupyter: python3

80 python code chunks may be embedded as follows:

```
array([ 0.65527751, 2.82847739, -0.21603559, -0.16446234, 2.00287202, 1.08348228, 1.03565856, 2.12937085, -0.34091899, 0.48876454])
```

### 83 2.4 Figures

Plots can be generated as follows:

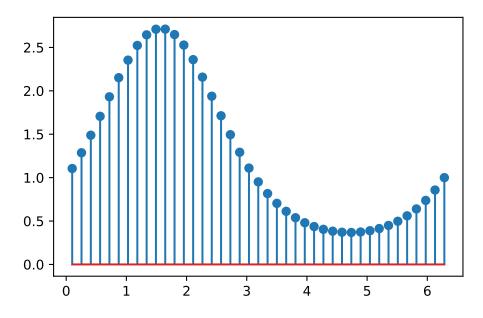


Figure 1: A basic Stem plot

85 It is also possible to create figures from static images:

### 86 2.5 Tables

Tables (with label: @tbl-mylabel renders Table 1) can be generated with markdown as follows

Table 1: my table caption

Tables	Are	Cool
col 1 is	left-aligned	\$1600
col 2 is	centered	\$12
col 3 is	right-aligned	\$1

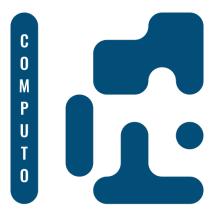


Figure 2: Computo logo (label)

#### Handling references 2.6

### Bibliographic references

- References are displayed as footnotes using BibTeX, e.g. [@computo] will be displayed as (Computo
- Team 2020), where compute is the bibtex key for this specific entry. The bibliographic informa-
- tion is automatically retrieved from the .bib file specified in the header of this document (here:
- references.bib).

#### 2.6.2 Other cross-references

- As already (partially) seen, Quarto includes a mechanism similar to the bibliographic references for
- sections, equations, theorems, figures, lists, etc. Have a look at this page.

#### **Advanced formatting** 2.7

- Advanced formatting features are possible and documented (including interactive plots, pseudo-code,
- (Tikz) diagrams, Lua filters, mixing R + Python in the same document), but are beyond the scope of
- this simple introduction. We point several entries in this direction.

#### More information

- The Quarto web site for comprehensive documentation, including:
  - Tutorial
  - User guide
  - Options reference
- The template distributed with the Computo Quarto extension, which uses such advanced features.
- Our mock version of the t-SNE paper, a full and advanced example using Python and the Jupyter kernel.
- The previously published papers in Computo can be used as references.

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### 3 Finalize your submission

### 3.1 Handle Python dependencies with venv

To make your work reproducible, you need to fix the packages and environment used to run your analysis. For Python, venv is one of the possible reliable method, supported by the community. You basically need a couple of commands to setup your environment on your local machine. First, to create a new virtual environment in the directory my\_env

```
python3 -m venv my_env
and activate it
```

source my\_env/bin/activate

Then installed the packages required to perform your analysis. Here,

```
python3 -m pip install jupyter matplotlib numpy
```

Once you are all set up, you need to save your working environment into a file so that anyone can reproduce your analysis on their side:

```
python3 -m pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

The corresponding requirements.txt file found in this repository is then

#### Listing 1 requirements.txt

jupyter
matplotlib
numpy

! Important

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requirements.txt is the only file that needs to be versioned by git.

114 More details for using venv and pip can be found on the quarto page dedicated to environments.

#### 115 3.1.1 What about conda?

For conda users, it is also possible to follow the same path with your favorite version of conda. There is a quarto page dedicated to the conda environments.

### 18 3.2 Continuous integration

The repository associated with this template is pre-configured to trigger an action on push that performs the following:

- 1. Check out the repository on an ubuntu-latest machine
- 2. Install quarto and dependencies, including the Computo extension
- 3. Install Python (3.10) and dependencies with venv, using your requirements.txt file
  - 4. Render your .qmd file and Publish the results on a gh-page (both HTML and PDF)
- The file .github/workflows/build\_n\_publish.yml is largely inspired from this file.
- Once this is successful, you are ready to submit your manuscript to the Computo submission platform.

### Warning

The first time, you possibly need to create the branch for the action to work. This can be done by running the following command from your computer, in your git repository:

quarto publish gh-pages

Then, set the branch gh-page as the source of your github page, and trigger the action to check that everything works fine.

### 3.2.1 What about CI and conda?

The build and deploy process of our Computo quarto extension shows how miniconda can be set used in place of venv. The main striking difference is the use of a environment.yml file in place of requirements.txt.

### 3.3 Data and large files

133 If your submission materials contain files larger than 50MB, **especially data files**, they won't fit on 134 a git repository as is. For this reason, we encourage you to put your data or any materials you deem 135 necessary on an external "open data" centered repository hub such a Zenodo or OSF.

### References

Computo Team. 2020. "Computo: Reproducible Computational/Algorithmic Contributions in Statistics and Machine Learning."